## Supplementary Information

# Design and applications of a clamp for Green Fluorescent Protein with picomolar affinity 

 Alexander Batyuk ${ }^{\text {a, }}$, Andreas Plückthun ${ }^{\text {a, * }}$<br>${ }^{\text {a }}$ Department of Biochemistry, University Zürich, Winterthurerstrasse 190, 8057 Zürich, Switzerland<br>${ }^{1}$ Present address: Department of Early Discovery Biochemistry, Genentech, 1 DNA Way, South San Francisco, California, 94080, USA<br>${ }^{2}$ Present address: Department of Biosystems Science and Engineering, ETH Zürich, Mattenstrasse 26, 4058 Basel, Switzerland<br>${ }^{3}$ Present address: Linac Coherent Light Source, SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory, 2575 Sand Hill Road, Menlo Park, California 94025, USA<br>Correspondence:<br>*Andreas Plückthun<br>Tel. +41-44-635 5570, Fax. +41-44-635 5712<br>e-mail: plueckthun@bioc.uzh.ch

## SI Methods

## Fluorescent labeling of GFP-clamps

One to three cysteine residues were added to gc_R7. N- or C-terminal cysteines were added to the gc_R7 ORF by subcloning into vectors that contained the respective cysteinetags. The serine residue within the GS7-linker was mutated to cysteine by site directed mutagenesis (sequences and nomenclature in SI Fig. 1). Cys-containing proteins were expressed and purified as described in the main text, but all buffers contained $10 \mathrm{mM} \beta$ mercaptoethanol and no dialysis was performed. After purification, the buffer was exchanged to PB ( 15 mM phosphate, pH 7.4 ) with 30 mM TCEP using illustra NAP-5 columns (GE Healthcare), and incubated at RT for 45 min . A second buffer exchange to PB (without TCEP) in a $\mathrm{N}_{2}$-atmosphere was performed. gc_R7-constructs ( $500 \mu \mathrm{l}, 50-100 \mu \mathrm{M}$ ) were mixed with a 2 -fold molar excess (over cysteine residues) of Alexa Fluor 647 C2 Maleimide (ThermoFisher Scientific, 10 mM in acetonitrile) in a $\mathrm{N}_{2}$-atmosphere and incubated overnight at RT. Remaining free dye was quenched by adding DTT ( $30 \mathrm{mM}, 30 \mathrm{~min}$ incubation) and then removed by buffer-exchange to PBS (NAP-5 column) and subsequent dialysis in PBS overnight.

The degree of labeling was calculated from the absorbance at 280 nm (taking into account the absorption of the dye) and at the absorbance at the extinction maximum of the dye. Extinction coefficients were provided by the manufacturer of the dye or calculated from the sequence of the protein. In some cases, the degree of labeling was confirmed by mass spectrometry. In all cases a nearly complete labeling (>95\%) of all cysteines was obtained with the reaction conditions given above (data not shown). The affinity of the construct $3 \times$ AF647_gc_R7 (3×cys_gc_R7 triple-labeled with Alexa Fluor 647) was tested with SPR and was not decreased compared to unlabeled gc_R7 (SI Fig. 2).

## Flow cytometry

Subconfluent BT-474 or HeLa cells (ATCC) were harvested by trypsinization, and resuspended to a concentration of $3.4 \times 10^{5}{\text { cells } \mathrm{ml}^{-1}}^{\text {in }}$ Dulbecco's phosphate buffered saline (DPBS) supplemented with metabolic inhibitors, 50 mM sodium azide and 10 mM 2-deoxy-D-glucose, to yield PBSA50D, and the cells inactivated by incubating for 30 min - as for all following steps, at room temperature. Then, H14-sfGFP was added to a final concentration of 100 nM to the respective 1 ml cell suspension aliquots, and incubated for a further 30 min . Cells were washed twice by pelleting ( $800 \mathrm{~g}, 1 \mathrm{~min}$ for this and all following centrifugation
steps) and resuspending in 1 ml DPBS. Afterwards, cells were resuspended in solutions of either $50 \mathrm{nM} 3 \times$ AF647_gc_R7, the rat monoclonal antibody FM264G labeled with Alexa Fluor 647 (BioLegend) diluted 1:200 in PBSA50D, or buffer alone, and incubated for 20 min . After washing twice with 1 ml DPBS, cell pellets were resuspended and incubated for 15 min in a LIVE/DEAD Fixable Aqua Dead Cell Stain solution (Invitrogen) in DPBS, prepared according to the instructions of the manufacturer. Finally, cells were washed once in 1 ml PBSBA (DPBS supplemented with $1 \%(\mathrm{w} / \mathrm{v})$ bovine serum albumin and $0.1 \%(\mathrm{w} / \mathrm{v})$ sodium azide) and once in 1 ml DPBS, and resuspended in 0.5 ml DPBS for measurement on a LSR Fortessa II (BD) flow cytometer. Data were analyzed using FCS Express 5 Flow 5.01.0082 (De Novo Software), restricting analysis to live (non-permeabilized) cells according to the L/D stain and singlets.

## SI Figures

    MRGS His6: M R G S H H H H H H G
    MRGS His6: M R G S H H H H H H G
    MRGS_His6_GCG: . . . . . . . . . . G C G G S
    MRGS_His6_GCG: . . . . . . . . . . G C G G S
    MRGS_His10_3C: . . . . . . . . . . H H H H G G G S L E V L F Q G P G S
    MRGS_His10_3C: . . . . . . . . . . H H H H G G G S L E V L F Q G P G S
        KKK_tag: . . . . . . . . . . H H H H G G G S L E V L F Q/G P G S K K K G S
        KKK_tag: . . . . . . . . . . H H H H G G G S L E V L F Q/G P G S K K K G S
        avi tag:M A G L N D I F E A Q K I EWHE G S
        avi tag:M A G L N D I F E A Q K I EWHE G S
    N-terminal cap:
N-terminal cap:
Consensus: D L G K K L L E A A R A G Q D D E V R I LM A N G A D V N A
Consensus: D L G K K L L E A A R A G Q D D E V R I LM A N G A D V N A
3G124: . Q
3G124: . Q
3G124nc: . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
3G124nc: . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
nl3G124nc. . . . R M
nl3G124nc. . . . R M
3G61:
3G61:
YKKD:
YKKD:
YRLK:
YRLK:
YRID: - _ - _ - _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ . . . .
YRID: - _ - _ - _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ . . . .
nlYRLK: _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ . . . .
nlYRLK: _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ . . . .
First internal repeat:

Second internal repeat

Third internal repeat

C-terminal cap:
old C-cap: Q DKFGKTAFDISIDNGNEDLAEILQ-_
stabilized C-cap: . . . . . . . P . . L A . . . . . . . I . . V . . K A A
3G124:
3G124nc: . . . . . . . P . . L A . . . . . . . I . . V . . K A A
nl3G124nc. . . R . . H . P . . L A . . . . . . . I . . V . . R A
3G61:
YKKD: . . . . . . . P . . L A . . . . . . . I . . V . . K A
YRLK: . . . . . . . P . . L A . . . . . . . I . . V . . K A
nIYRLK: . . R . . H . P . . L A . . . . . . . I . . V . . RAA

## Nomenclature of GFP-clamps (e.g.):

 gc_R7: 3G124nc-GS7-YRLK gc_R11: 3G124nc-GS 11-YRLK gc_K11: 3G124nc-GS 11-YKKD nl_gc_R7: nl3G124nc-GS7-nIYRLK nl : no lysine
## Nomenclature with tags (e.g.)

gc R7: MRGS His10 3C R7 (standard expression is with His 10 _tag which has been cleaved off by 3C-protease)
3×cys_gc_R7: MRGS_His6_GCG_R7_GGC with GC7-linker (3 cysteine introduced)
avi_gc_R7: avi_tag_R7_His6
KKK nl_gc_R7: KKK_tag_nIR7 (3C-cleaved)
X. Randomized position to all amino acids except C and P Z: Randomized position to only N, H or Y

C-terminal tags
His6 (when avi_tag is used): K L N H н н H H H
GGC: K L N G G C
Linker:
GS7: G G G S G G G
GS11: . . . . . . . S G G
GC7: $\quad C$

SI Figure 1. Sequence alignment of designed GFP-binding DARPins. The top row indicates the consensus sequence with randomized positions indicated as X (randomization to all amino acids but Cys and Pro) and Z (randomization to Asn, His or Tyr) highlighted in
black frames. Identical residues are shown as dots (.), gaps are shown as hyphens (-). Differences to the consensus sequence are shown in one-letter amino acid code. Mutations introduced after truncation of the N-cap of 3G61 are highlighted in grey. Mutations introduced to replace lysines in gc_R7 are highlighted in blue. The recognition sequence of 3C-protease is shown in green with the cutting site as a vertical line.


SI Figure 2. SPR measurements of GFP-binding DARPins and fusions. Biotinylated GFP was immobilized on a neutravidin sensor surface. YRLK was injected at concentrations of $11,33,100,300$ and 900 nM and fitted to a Langmuir binding model. $3 \times$ AF647_gc_R7 was injected at concentrations of $0.22,0.66,2,6$ and 18 nM and fitted to a kinetic titration model. All other constructs were injected at concentrations of $0.11,0.33,1,3$ and 9 nM and fitted to a kinetic titration model.


SI Figure 3. Sequence alignment of fluorescent proteins used in this study. The top row indicates the sequence of GFP including the chromophore mutation S65T. Identical residues are shown as dots (.), gaps are shown as hyphens (-). Differences to the consensus sequence is shown in one-letter amino acid code and highlighted in light green (sfGFP), dark green (eGFP), yellow (eYFP) and cyan (eCFP). For mCherry and mRuby2, residues that differ from each other are highlighted in grey.


SI Figure 4. SPR measurements of different FPs to gc_R7. Biotinylated gc_R7 was immobilized on a Neutravidin sensor chip. All FPs were injected at concentrations of 0.11, $0.33,1,3$ and 9 nM and fitted to a kinetic titration model (no fit for mCherry and mRuby2).


SI Figure 5. Detailed interaction map between gc_K11 and eGFP (PDB ID: 5MA5, chains B and C). eGFP residues are shown in green, residues of the 3G124nc domain in pink and of the YKKD domain in blue, hydrogen bonds are shown in orange (prepared with LigPlot+).

## SI Tables

SI Table 1: Crystallographic data collection and refinement statistics

| Complex | 3G124nc:eGFP | 3G124nc:eGFP | 3G61:eGFP |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PDB-ID | 5MA6 | 5 MA 8 | 5 MAD |
|  |  |  |  |
| Crystalization condition | $0.5 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{KH}_{2} \mathrm{PO}_{4}$ | $25 \%$ PEG 2K MME | $30 \%$ PEG 4000 |
|  | 0.1 M Na -acetate pH 5.5 | $0.3 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{Na-acetate}$ | 0.2 M Ammonium acetate |
|  |  | $0.1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{Tris} \mathrm{(HOAc)} \mathrm{pH} \mathrm{7.5}$ | 0.1 M tri-Na-citrate pH 5.5 |

Data collection
Resolution range ( $\AA$ )
Space group
Molecules/AU
Unit cell parameters

| $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}(\AA)$ | $70.31,70.31,432.72$ | $62.14,62.14,213.20$ | $60.42,83.07,162.00$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\alpha, \beta, \gamma\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$ | $90,90,120$ | $90,90,90$ | $90,94.59,90$ |
| Unique reflections | 29482 | 33548 | 237243 |
| Multiplicity | $37.3(40.7)$ | $13.9(14.1)$ | $6.7(6.8)$ |
| Completeness | $98.7(98.5)$ | $99.9(100.0)$ | $98.8(99.5)$ |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {merge }}$ | $0.148(8.52)$ | $0.107(1.28)$ | $0.047(1.69)$ |
| $\langle\mathrm{I}>/ \sigma(\mathrm{I})$ | $17.55(0.68)$ | $22.33(2.78)$ | $15.79(1.39)$ |
| $\mathrm{CC}(1 / 2)$ | $1.00(0.42)$ | $0.99(0.81)$ | $0.99(0.75)$ |
| Wilson B-factor $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$ | 70.34 | 42.49 | 24.37 |

Refinement

| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {work }}(\%)$ | 0.205 | 0.189 | 17.1 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {free }}(\%)$ | 0.241 | 0.236 | 19.9 |
| RMSD of bond lengths | 0.024 | 0.004 | 0.006 |
| RMSD of bond angles | 2.559 | 0.890 | 0.838 |
| Average B-factor ( $\left.\AA^{2}\right)$ | 84.69 | 55.36 | 39.5 |
| Ramachandran plot (\%) |  |  |  |
| favored | 94.99 | 99.07 | 98.16 |
| allowed | 5.01 | 0.93 | 1.71 |
| outliers | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.13 |
| Non-hydrogen atoms |  |  |  |
| protein | 2980 | 5922 | 12286 |
| ligands | 51 | 44 | 145 |
| waters | 45 | 181 | 1246 |

Statistics for highest resolution shell in parentheses

SI Table 1 (continued): Crystallographic data collection and refinement statistics

| Complex | gc_K7:eGFP | gc_K11:eGFP | gc_R7:eGFP |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PDB-ID | 5MA4 | 5MA5 | 5MAK |
|  |  |  |  |
| Crystalization condition | $30 \% \mathrm{w} / \mathrm{v}$ PEG 4000 | $20 \% \mathrm{w} / \mathrm{v}$ PEG 4000 | $20 \% \mathrm{w} / \mathrm{v}$ PEG 4000 |
|  | $0.2 \mathrm{Na}-\operatorname{acetate}$ | $20 \% \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v} 2-P r o p a n o l$ | $20 \% \mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v} 2-\mathrm{Propanol}$ |
|  | $0.1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{Tris}(\mathrm{HCl}) \mathrm{pH} 8.5$ | 0.1 M tri-Na-citrate pH 5.6 | 0.1 M tri-Na-citrate pH 5.6 |

Data collection

| Resolution range $(\AA)$ | $47.29-1.40$ | $44.25-1.85$ | $43.53-2.50$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Space group | $\mathrm{P} 2_{1}$ | P 1 | P 1 |
| Molecules/AU | $2(1$ complex $)$ | $4(2$ complexes $)$ | $4(2$ complexes $)$ |
| Unit cell parameters |  |  |  |
| a, b, c $(\AA)$ | $55.88,92.34,56.53$ | $58.71,60.28,90.24$ | $57.96,61.38,89.38$ |
| $\alpha, \beta, \gamma\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$ | $90,114.6,90$ | $86.94,79.13,89.35$ | $93.12,102.74,94.76$ |
| Unique reflections | 102263 | 92746 | 39327 |
| Multiplicity | $5.4(5.2)$ | $3.7(3.8)$ | $3.5(3.7)$ |
| Completeness | $99.7(99.7)$ | $89.5(89.2)$ | $95.1(97.2)$ |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {merge }}$ | $0.053(0.89)$ | $0.044(0.65)$ | $0.141(0.86)$ |
| $<\mathrm{I}>/ \sigma(\mathrm{I})$ | $17.60(2.1)$ | $18.31(2.46)$ | $8.62(1.86)$ |
| CC(1/2) | $0.99(0.74)$ | $0.99(0.81)$ | $0.99(0.78)$ |
| Wilson B-factor $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$ | 15.5 | 27.04 | 36.38 |

Refinement

| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {work }}(\%)$ | 14.2 | 15.4 | 25.7 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {free }}(\%)$ | 17.0 | 18.4 | 30.4 |
| RMSD of bond lengths | 0.014 | 0.007 | 0.002 |
| RMSD of bond angles | 1.275 | 0.859 | 0.506 |
| Average B-factor $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$ | 25.8 | 41.0 | 57.1 |
| Ramachandran plot (\%) |  |  |  |
| Favored | 98.07 | 98.54 | 95.94 |
| allowed | 1.93 | 1.37 | 3.87 |
| outliers | 0.00 | 0.1 | 0.2 |

Non-hydrogen atoms

| protein | 4363 | 8044 | 7922 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ligands | 29 | 118 | 109 |
| waters | 725 | 779 | 143 |

Statistics for highest resolution shell in parentheses

SI Table 1 (continued): Crystallographic data collection and refinement statistics

| Complex PDB-ID | $\begin{gathered} \text { gc_R11:eGFP } \\ 5 \mathrm{MA} 3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { gc_R11:eGFP } \\ \text { 5MA9 } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Crystalization condition | $30 \%$ w/v PEG 8000 <br> 0.2 M Na-acetate <br> 0.1 M Na-cacodylate pH 6.5 | $\begin{gathered} 30 \% \mathrm{w} / \mathrm{v} \text { PEG } 4000 \\ 0.2 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4} \\ 0.1 \mathrm{M} \text { Tris pH } 8.5 \end{gathered}$ |
| Data collection |  |  |
| Resolution range (Å) | 48.98-1.70 | 44.68-1.57 |
| Space group | P2 ${ }_{1}$ | P1 |
| Molecules/AU | 2 (1 complex) | 8 (4 complexes) |
| Unit cell parameters |  |  |
| a, b, c ( $\AA$ ) | 59.85, 90.61, 60.92 | 81.88, 89.89, 90.04 |
| $\alpha, \beta, \gamma\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$ | 90, 103.4, 90 | 95.84, 116.53, 92.35 |
| Unique reflections | 67771 | 302440 |
| Multiplicity | 6.7 (6.9) | 3.4 (3.6) |
| Completeness | 97.6 (98.6) | 95.2 (94.4) |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {merge }}$ | 0.105 (3.44) | 0.046 (0.57) |
| $<\mathrm{I}>/ \sigma(\mathrm{I})$ | 10.47 (0.98) | 14.03 (2.6) |
| $\mathrm{CC}(1 / 2)$ | 0.99 (0.56) | 0.99 (0.75) |
| Wilson B-factor ( $\AA^{2}$ ) | 27.6 | 18.1 |

Refinement

| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {work }}(\%)$ | 16.1 | 15.8 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {free }}(\%)$ | 19.2 | 20.3 |
| RMSD of bond lengths | 0.007 | 0.005 |
| RMSD of bond angles | 0.851 | 0.929 |
| Average B-factor ( $\AA^{2}$ ) | 38.9 | 32.0 |
| Ramachandran plot (\%) | 98.09 | 98.54 |
| favored | 1.91 | 1.36 |
| allowed | 0.00 | 0.10 |
| outliers |  |  |
| Non-hydrogen atoms | 4053 | 16022 |
| protein | 46 | 132 |
| ligands | 393 | 2095 |
| waters |  |  |

[^0]
[^0]:    Statistics for highest resolution shell in parentheses

